

Registration No.:

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Total Number of Pages: 02

Course: B.Tech
Sub_Code: RMA1A001

1st Semester Back Examination: 2025-26

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS-I

BRANCH(S): AE, AG, AUTO, CHEM, CIVIL, CSE, CSEAI, CSEAIML, CSEDS, CSIT, CST, ECE, EEE, ELECTRICAL, ELECTRICAL & C.E, ELECTRONICS & C.E, ETC, IT, MANUTECH, MECH, MINING, MME, PLASTIC

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Q.Code: U508

Answer Question No.1 (Part-I) which is compulsory, any eight from Part-II and any two from Part-III.
The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

- Q1** Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)
- Explain parallel asymptotes with examples.
 - Write the necessary condition for a function $f(x, y)$ to have an extremum.
 - Prove or disprove that the integrating factor for the non-exact ordinary differential equations (ODEs) is unique.
 - Solve the ODE $xdy - ydx = 0$.
 - Compute the value of the expression $\frac{1}{D}(\log x)$.
 - Write the general form of Euler-Cauchy equation.
 - Write the power series of the function $f(x) = e^{-x^2}$.
 - Write the Bessel's equation of the first kind.
 - Find the Laplace transform of $\cosh at$.
 - Determine the inverse Laplace transform of 1.

Part-II

- Q2** Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)
- Find the asymptotes to the curve $x^3 + y^3 - 3axy = 0$.
 - Establish the relation between Beta function and Gamma function.
 - Solve the ODE $(3x^2y^4 + 2xy)dx + (2x^3y^3 - x^2)dy = 0$.
 - Check whether the ODE $(x^2 + y^2 + 2x)dx + 2ydy = 0$ is exact. Also solve it.
 - Find the general solution of the second order homogeneous ODE $4y'' + 4y' - 3y = 0$.
 - Find the general solution of the ODE $y''' + 4y'' + 4y = 8e^{-2x}$.
 - Solve the ODE $y'' + y = 0$ using power series method
 - Solve the ODE $y'' + y = 10e^{2x}$ using the method of undetermined coefficients.
 - Show that the Bessel's function of first kind satisfies the recurrence relation $J_{v+1} - J_{v-1} = -2J'_v$.
 - Find the Convolution $\sin \omega t * \cos \omega t$.

k) Solve the integral equation $y = \sin t - \int_0^t y(\tau) \sin(t-\tau) d\tau$.

l) Compute $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{3s-2}{s^2-4s+20} \right\}$.

Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

Q3 a) Find the radius of curvature at any point of the curve (r, θ) for the curve $r = a(1 - \cos\theta)$. **(8 x 2)**

b) Find the relative extrema and saddle point of the function $f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 2xy + y^2 - 2x - 2y + 5 = 0$.

Q4 Solve the ODEs (I) $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = e^{-x^2}$ (II) $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = xy^2$. **(8 x 2)**

Q5 a) Find the power series solution of the ordinary differential equations $y'' + y' - y = 0$ about the point $x = 2$. **(8 x 2)**

b) Show that $(2n + 1) xP_n(x) = (n + 1)P_{n+1}(x) + n P_{n-1}(x)$.

Q6 a) Use Laplace transform method to solve the initial value problem $y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^{2t}, y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 5$. **(8 x 2)**

b) Solve the ODE $y'' + 2y' + y = e^{-x} \log x$ using the method of variation of parameters.