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Total Number of Pages : 03

B.Tech

RIT4G001/REC3C001/RCS4G001/RCI4G003

4th Semester Regular/Back Examination- 2023-24

ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

IT/ELECTRICAL & C.E/CSE,CSEAIME,CSEDS,CIVIL

Time : 3 Hour

Max Marks : 100

Q.Code : P161

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any eight from Part-II and any two from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Answer the following questions:

(2 x10)

- What is called as a voltage-controlled device & why?
- Why is biasing required?
- Write down the basic features of an amplifier.
- Draw the small signal model for common source FET.
- Write down the principle of Oscillation.
- Draw an amplifier circuit with complete components like R_S & R_L .
- Why is frequency response analysis required?
- What are the advantages of negative feedback? Write any 2 applications of it.
- Write the characteristics of an ideal Op-amp.
- What is CMRR? Write its ideal & practical value.

Part-II

Q2 Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve)

(6 × 8)

- What do you mean by stabilization? Determine the stability factor of a circuit having more stable gain.
- Determine Q-point of the given circuit in Fig-1. (Assume $\beta=100$).

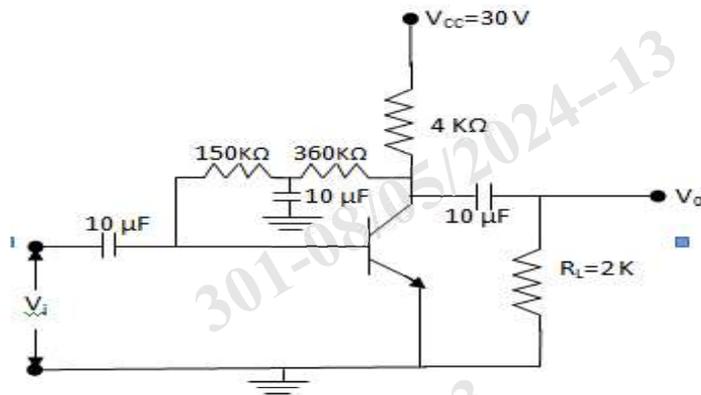


Fig. 1

- c) Derive the output gain & input impedance of emitter follower circuit using small signal analysis.
- d) Explain the operation of E-MOSFET & VI characteristics.
- e) Draw a Current Mirror Circuit & justify its name with detailed explanations.
- f) Design an Adder Circuit using op-amp, where its output $V_o = -(V_1+2V_2+3V_3)$ with $R_f = 40k\Omega$.
- g) What is the importance of Miller effect in high frequency response analysis of BJT, explain?
- h) Draw a cascade structure using FET & find its output gain.
- i) Draw a gain versus frequency plot for high frequency analysis of a R-C network. Define 3-dB cut-off frequency & show it in the plot.
- j) For a fixed bias circuit $R_B=470k\Omega$, $R_C=3k\Omega$, $\beta=100$, $V_{CC}=12V$, $R_S=0.3k\Omega$, $R_L=4.7k\Omega$, $C_b=2\mu F$, $C_c=4\mu F$. Draw the complete circuit & find out its overall voltage gain.
- k) If an amplifier with gain of -200 and feedback of $\beta = -0.2$ has gain change of 10% due to temperature variation, calculate the change in gain of the feedback amplifier.
- l) What is a power amplifier? Classify it with the required load line analysis.

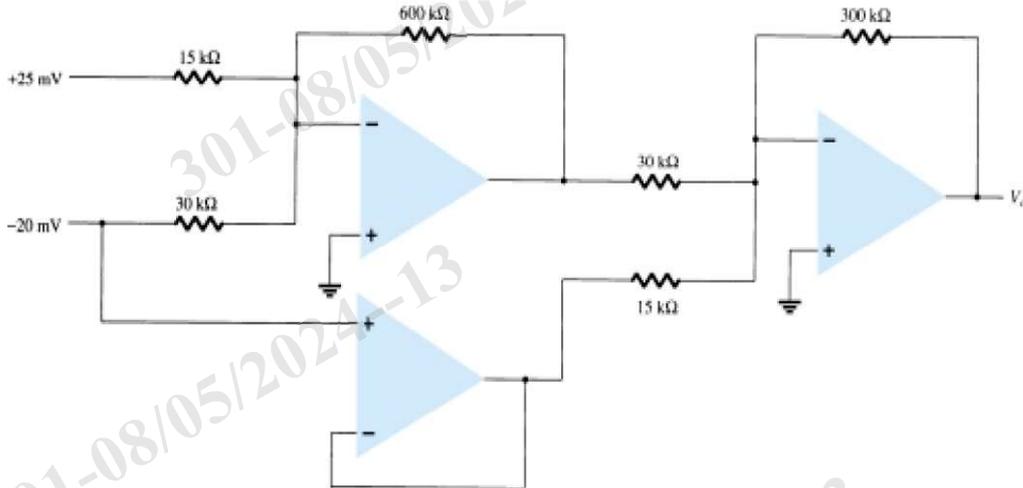
Part-III

Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Q3**
- a) Determine V_{GSQ} , I_{DQ} , V_D for a voltage divider bias circuit, where $R_1=2.1M\Omega$, $R_2=270k\Omega$, $R_D=2.4k\Omega$, $R_S=1.5k\Omega$, $V_{DD}=16V$, $I_{DSS}=8mA$, $V_P = -4V$. (8+8)
 - b) Determine Z_i , A_{vi} for a voltage-divider BJT circuit where $R_1=56k\Omega$, $R_2=8.2k\Omega$, $R_C=6.8k\Omega$, $R_E=1.5k\Omega$, $V_{cc}=22V$, $\beta=90$, $C_b=C_c=10\mu F$. (Consider the Unbypass system where $r_o = \infty$).

Q4 a) Determine V_o for the given circuit.

(10+6)



b) Draw a differentiator circuit using Op-amp & find its output.

Q5 a) Find the high frequency response of a BJT amplifier.

(8+8)

b) Draw Voltage shunt feedback circuit & justify why it is called so. Derive its output & input resistance after feedback.

Q6 a) Draw a complete circuit of Wein-bridge oscillator & derive its output frequency with necessary explanations.

(8+8)

b) Explain the operation of a push-pull amplifier & derive its conversion efficiency. Also, highlight the distortion produced by the amplifier.