

Registration No :

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total Number of Pages : 02

Course: B.Tech
Sub_Code: RCI4C003

4th Semester Regular/ Back Examination: 2022-23

SUBJECT: Structural Analysis-I

BRANCH(S): C&EE, CIVIL

Time : 3 Hour

Max Marks : 100

Q.Code : M282

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any eight from Part-II and any two from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

Q1 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)

- State Maxwell's reciprocal deflection theorem.
- Write the Equilibrium equations for three dimensional analysis.
- State the principle of minimum potential energy.
- State Castigliano's first theorem for determining deflection.
- Differentiate between simple truss and complex truss.
- Write advantages of arches over beams.
- State different elements of a suspension bridge.
- Define influence line diagram.
- Show normal thrust and radial shear of a three hinged arch with neat sketch.
- Define conjugate beam.

Part-II

Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)

- Differentiate between statically determinate structure and redundant structure.
- A continuous beam of two equal spans L is uniformly loaded over its entire length. Find the magnitude R of the middle reaction by using the Castiglione's theorem.
- A symmetric three hinged parabolic arch of rise R and span L is supported its ends on pins at the same level. Determine the value of the horizontal thrust when a load W which is uniformly distributed horizontally covers the whole span. Show also that with this loading there is no bending moment at any point in the arch.
- A three hinged parabolic arch of span 20m and rise 5m is loaded with a uniformly distributed load of 10 kN/m on the left half of the span of the arch. Calculate the horizontal thrust and vertical reactions. Calculate the bending moment at a section 4m from the right hand support.
- Calculate the support moments of a continuous beam ABC having span lengths $AB = BC = 5\text{ m}$. All the three supports (A, B, C) are simply supported. The span AB carries a point load of 25 kN at a distance 2 m from support A . The span BC carries a uniformly distributed load of intensity 10 kN/m over the whole span BC .
- A fixed beam of 10 m span carries a uniformly distributed load of 10 kN/m on the whole span. Find the end moments.

- g) A cantilever beam of length 10 m carries a uniformly distributed load of 5 kN/m over its entire length. The cantilever is propped at a distance 6 m from its fixed end. Determine the reaction at the prop.
- h) Draw neat diagrams of the influence lines for shearing force and bending moment at a section 3 m from one end of a simply supported beam, 12 m long. Use the diagrams to calculate the maximum shearing force and maximum bending moment at this section due to the uniformly distributed rolling load, 5 m long of 2 kN per meter intensity.
- i) State and explain theorem of three moments with example.
- j) A three hinged parabolic arch has a horizontal span of 10 m with a central rise of 5 m. A point load of 10 kN moves across from left to right. Calculate the maximum positive and negative moment at the section 8 m from the left hinge.
- k) Write note on the Williot Mohr diagram.
- l) Write note on Virtual work method with the help of an example.

Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Q3 A cantilever beam ABC is fixed at A and propped at C. The portion AB of length 5 m from the fixed end and is loaded with uniformly distributed load of intensity 20 kN/m. The portion BC is of length 3 m is unloaded. Calculate the reaction at prop and draw shear force and bending moment diagram. (16)
- Q4 Draw the shear force, bending moment diagram of a simply supported continuous beam ABC having span length lengths AB = 10 m and BC = 12 m. The span AB carries a point load of 50 kN at a distance of 4 m from support A and span BC carries a uniformly distributed load of intensity 25 kN/m throughout the span (BC). Use three moment theorem. All supports are simply supported. (16)
- Q5 A three hinged parabolic arch has a span 60 m and a rise of 15 m. Draw the influence line diagram for horizontal thrust. Further, draw the influence line diagram for the bending moment, normal thrust and radial shear for a section at a distance 8m from the left support. (16)
- Q6 The three hinged stiffening girder of a suspension bridge of 100 m span is subjected to two point loads of 10 kN each placed at 20 m and 40 m respectively from the left hand hinge. Determine the bending moment and shear force in the girder at section 30 m from each end. Also determine the maximum tension in the cable which has a central dip of 10 m. (16)